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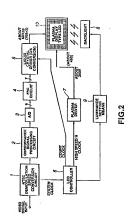
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Liquid crystal display device (54)

(57) A liquid crystal display apparatus comprising an amplitude detecting unit for detecting an amplitude of a supplied video signal; a liquid crystal display for displaying an image on a main surface based on the video signal: a backlight for giving off light with a luminance which can be freely set from the back surface of the liquid crystal display to the main surface; and a luminance setting unit for variably setting the luminance of the backlight based on the amplitude detected by the amplitude detecting unit.



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The present invention relates to a liquid crystal display apparatus, more particularly relates to a liquid crystal display apparatus provided with a liquid crystal display with a luminance which is adjusted using a backlight.

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A liquid crystal display apparatus 30 is provided with, for example, as shown in Fig. 1 of the accompanying drawings, a timing signal generation circuit 31 which generates a timing signal generation circuit 31 which generates a timing signal when supplied with a horizontal/verifical synchronization signal; a liquid crystal display 32 in which transparent electrodes are ranged in the form of matrix to form pixels; a column driver 33 which is supplied with video signal and drives the electrodes of the pixels of every horizontal line of the liquid crystal display 32 at the video signal toll ord the respective pixels; a line driver 34 which drives the pixel for each of the horizontal lines; and a back of the horizontal lines; and a back injuly 35 which irradiates light from the back surface to the main surface of the liquid crystal display 32.

In the liquid crystal display separatus 30, h a state where light is tradiated to the liquid crystal display 32 from the backlight 35, the column driver 33 and the line driver 34 are synchronized by a thimp signat, and a Video image is output from the liquid crystal display 32 bit he video signal lovely pitch is described by the video signal lovel by the column driver 33, to the pixel so devery both column driver 33, to the pixel so devery both column driver 34, to the pixel so devery both column driver 34.

In the liquid crystal display apparatus 30, however, when the video signal level is small, the video signal levet is amplified or the zero level of the video signal level is raised in accordance with the video signal level, whereby the video signal level is brought to a high level and the video image is output from the liquid crystal display 32. However, where the video signal level is amplitied when the video signal level is extremely small, the amplification rate becomes extremely large, a distortion occurs in the video signal, and there arise the problems that the quality of the image is deteriorated or the output Image unnaturally changes at the switching of the amplification rate. Also, where the zero level is raised, there arises a problem that there are few color tones which can be displayed and deterioration of the image such as pseudo contours occur.

Also, in the liquid crystal display apparatus 90, when the video signal level of the video signal transitionally changes such as for example at the time of seociation at a station, when the power source voltage is turned ON/CFF, etc., by outputting the image while fising the video signal level to a black level etc. the quality of the picture of output image of the liquid crystal display 32 is improved.

However, the column driver 33 of the liquid crystal display 32 and the line driver 34 are driven by the black signal level etc. and the backlight 35 is turned on, therefore there arises a problem that the power consumption is large.

In consideration with the problems as described above, an object of the present invention is to provide a liquid crystal display apparatus which does not deterforate in the image quality even when the video signal level is small and cun operate with a low power consumption.

To achieve his object, according to a first aspect to the invention, the lequid explast display apparatus to provided with an unplitted detecting means for dotecting an amplitted of a supplied video signal; a fauld cost signal; a fauld cost of signal; a subclight for on the video signal; a backlight for entiting a light form the back surface of the fauld crystal display to the master, the fight down the video signal; a backlight for entiting a light form the back surface of the fauld crystal display to the master, the fight omitted from the backlight having a luminance which is set variably; and a luminance extiting means for variably setting the turninance of the backly best on the amplitude detected by the amplitude detection means.

According to a second aspect of the invention, the liquid crystal display appearatus is provided with an amplitude detecting means for detecting the amplitude of a supplied video signalt, an amplition for amplitude of a supplied video signalt, an amplition for amplitude of supplied video signalt and having an amplitication rate which can be freely set; a liquid crystal display for displaying an imago on the main surface based on the video signal supplied from the amplitier, a backlight for emitting a light from the back surface of the liquid crystal display to the main surface, the light emitted from the backlight having a luminance which is soft variably; and an intensty setting means for variably sotting the luminance of the backlight and the amplification rate of the amplifier based on the amplitude detected by the amplitude detecting means.

According to a third aspect of the invention, the liquid crystal display apparatus Is provided with a time
counting means for counts a time of continuation of a
non-signal level of the supplied video signal; a liquid
crystal display for display an Image on the main surface
based on the video signal; a backlight for emitting a light
from the back surface of the light crystal display to the
main surface, the light emitted from the backlight having
a luminance which is set variably, and a luminance outting means for variably setting the luminance of the
acklight based on the continuation time counted by the
time counting means.

According to a fourth aspect of the Invention, the liquid crystal display expansitus is provided with a transitory signal detecting means for detecting the transitory state of the supplied video elgand, a fliquid crystal display for displaying an image on the main surface based on the video signal, a backlight for or emitting a sight from the back surface of the liquid crystal display to the main surface, the fight willned from the back surface of the liquid crystal display to the main surface, the fight whill be formalled from the back surface of the liquid crystal display to the main surface, the fight whill be soft with the surface of the backlight having a surface of the first surface of the surfac

According to the liquid crystal display apparatus of

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the present invention provided with the above configurations, when the amplitude of the video signal detected by the amplitude detecting means is small, it is possible to lower the luminance of the backlight by the luminance setting means so as to suppress a reduction in the intensity which can be displayed by the liquid crystal dis-

Also, when the amplitude of the video signal detected by the amplitude detecting means is small, it is possible to lower the luminance of the backlight and increase the amplification rate of the amplifier by the incessity setting means so as to suppress the reduction of the Intensity setting means so as to suppress the reduction of the Intensity which can be displayed by the liquid crystal clientay.

Further, when the predetermined time is counted by the time counting means, it is possible to reduce the luminance or stop the emission of the backlight by the luminance setting means, whereby the liquid crystal display displays an Image by a black level etc.

All I urther, when a transitory state of the video signals detected by the transitory signal detecting means, it is possible to bower the luminance or stop the emission of the backlight by the luminance sotting means, whereby the liquid crystal display displays an image by a black

The invention will be further described by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:-

Fig. 1 is a block diagram of a conventional liquid 30 crystal display apparatus;

Fig. 2 is a block diagram of a liquid crystal display apparatus according to the present invention;

Fig. 3 is a block diagram of a principal part of a liquid crystal display apparatus; and

Fig. 4 is a view of the configuration of an liquid crystal display of the liquid crystal display apparetus.

Below, an explanation will be made of a preferred embodiment of a liquid crystal display apparatus according to the present invention by referring to the draw-

The liquid crystal display apparatus according to the present invention is a liquid crystal display epparatus which displays a video signal by a liquid crystal display and which is suitable for use for example for a wall type TV receiver, a thin TV receiver for multi-modia, atc.

The liquid crystal display apparatus is provided with, as shown herifig. 2, an NTSC demodulation speed conversion circuit. I to which the video signal is supplied, a chrominance signal processing circuit? a which converts the video signal supplied from the NTSC demodulation speed conversion circuit. It is an RGB signal and AD conversion for the RGB signal supplied from the chrominance signal.

processing circuit 2; an FRC circuit 4 which converts the frame rate of the RGB signal supplied from the A/D converter 3; a liquid crystal driver 5 which performs driving so as te supply the video signal level to the pixels of every herizontal line of a plasma address liquid crystal display (hereinafter referred to as a PALC) 10 based on the RGB signal supplied from the FRC circuit 4: a liquid crystal display controller 6 which generates a timing signal in synchronization with the video signal supplied from the NTSC demodulation speed conversion circuit 1: a plasma driver 7 which drives the pixels of overy horizontal line of the PALC 10 based on the timing signal: a backlight 8 which gives off light to the PALC 10: a luminance setting means 9 which adjusts the luminance of the backlight 8: and a PALC 10 which is driven by the liquid crystal driver 5 and the plasma driver 7 and displays an image with the luminance of the backlight 8 adjusted by the luminance setting means 9.

The NTSC demodulation speed conversion circuit 2 is supplied with an NTSC composite video signal for a UHF breadcast from a UV tuner, for a VHF breadcast from the a UV tuner, and for a BS breadcast from a BS tuner by the switching of the control unit provided on the cutside of the liquid crystal display appearatus.

This NTSC demodulation speed conversion circuit 1 is provided with a demodulation unit which demodulates the NTSC composite video signal to a luminance signal and to a chrominance signal based on the luminance signal; a frame memory storing the chrominance signal for every frame; a movement detection unit which detects the movement of the image from the chrominance signal stored in the frame memory; and an interpolation processing unit which applies interpolation processing to the chrominance signal based on the movement detection unit. In a static picture region in which the nonexistence of movement is detected by the movement detection unit, the signal is read out continuously by double speed from the frame memory. In the moving picture region in which existence of movement is detected at the movement detection unit, internal interpolation is carried out at the video signal level of the horizontal lines above and beneath each horizontal line, the signal is read out by double speed, is converted to a non-Interlace signal of 525 H/60 Hz, and is supplied to the chrominance signal processing circuit 2. The luminance signal demodulated at the demodulation unit and the non-interlace stonal are supplied to the figuid crystal display controller 6.

The chrominance signal processing circuit 2 adjusts the color hue of the chrominance signal supplied from the NTSC demodulation speed conversion circuit 1 and applies inverso matrix conversion processing to this to o

In the A/D converter 3, the video signal level of the RGB signal supplied from the chrominance signal processing circuit 2 is subjected to A/D conversion with a quantization precision of 8 bits.

In the FRC circuit 4, rounding processing of the

In the liquid crystal driver 5, the video signal level of the video signal of each RGB having a resolving power of 7 bits which is supplied from the FRC circuit 4 is formed by 128 tones and is supplied to the transparent electrodes of the pixels of every horizontal line of the PALC 110 circuit he same.

The liquid crystal display controller 6 generates pairing signal based on the luminance signal supract of the minance signal supract of the MTSC demodulation speed conversion circuit 1 for every pike of the PALC 10 and generates a speed H clock signal based on the non-interace signal. It supplies the luming signal to the liquid crystal driver 3 and plasma driver 7 and supplies the speed H clock signal to the observations of the speed H clock signal to the observations.

The liquid crystal display controller 6 is provided with, as shown in Fig. 3, a timing signal generation circuit 11 which is supplied with the horizontal/vertical synchronization signal from the NTSC demodulation speed conversion circuit 1 and generates the timing signal for operating the liquid crystal driver 5 and the plasma driver 7 in synchronization; an amplifier 12 which amplifies the video signal supplied from the NTSC demodulation speed conversion circuit 1 to any variably set amplification rate; a time counting means 13 for counting the time continued when the video signal level of the video signal is the predetermined level or less; an amplitude detecting means 14 for detecting the amplitude of the video signal level of the video signal; and a transitory signal detecting means 15 for detecting a transitory state of the video slanal.

In the time counting means 13, when the video sigand level is the non-signal level or more, the count was
is reset and the time when the video signal level is the
non-signal level is counted. When the counted time becomes the predetermined time or longer, the luminance
of the backlight 8 is lowered by the luminance sotting

Counting the counting time is the counting time is the counting time in the counting time is the counting time in the counting time is the counting time in the counting time in the counting time is the counting time in the counting time in the counting time is the counting time in the counting time in the counting time is the counting time in the counting time in the counting time is the counting time in the counting time in the counting time is the counting time in the counting time in the counting time is the counting time in the counting time in the counting time is the counting time in the counting time in the counting time is the counting time in th

In the amplitude detecting means 14, the amplitude of the video signal level the detect. When the amplitude is the predetermined level or less, the amplitude is the predetermined level or less, the amplitication rate of the amplitier 12 is increased in accordance with the video signal level and, at the same time, the tuminance of the backlight 8 is lowered by the furnishance setting means 9. Also, when the amplitude is at the prodetermined level or more, the amplification rate of the amplification rate of the amplification rate of the amplification is the prodetermined level or more, the amplification rate of the amplitude of the amp

In the transitory signal detecting means 15, the transitory state of the video signal at the lime of selection of a station and at the time of the power source voltage is turned on or off is detected. The lumhance of the backlight 8 is lowered by the lumhance setting means 9 sthen detecting a transitory state.

In the liquid crystal display controller 6 of the above configuration, when the video signal is not supplied, the

turnienze of the backlight 8 is lowered by the luminance string means 9 based on the count result of the sessing means 9 based on the count result of the count result of the count result of the small the video signal level is small, the video signal level is small, the video signal level is small, the video signal level is small the video signal level as maplified by the amplified by the detecting means 14 and, at the same time, the innance of the backlight 8 is lowered by the luminance setting means 9. Also, when the video signal is in an institute of the same time, the luminance of the backlight 8 is lowered by the luminance of the backlight 8 is lowered by the luminance of the backlight 8 is lowered by the luminance setting means 9.

The plasma driver 7 performs driving so as to sequentially perform switch scenning of the cathods and anodo electrodes of the plasma chambers of the PALC 10 in a horizontal direction in synchrotization with the liquid crystal driver 5 during a period when the liquid crystal driver 5 during a period when the liquid crystal driver 5 drives the transparent electrodes of every horizontal lind of the PALC 10 and sequentially performs plasma discharging of the plasma chambers. The backlight 8 is provided so as to entit a light from the back-surface to the main surface of the PALC 10 so that the laminance is set variably.

The luminance setting means 9 lowers the luminance by lowering the power to be supplied to the back-light 8 when the non-signal level is detected for the pre-determined time or more at the time detecting means 13, or stops the supply of the power, thereby to stabilize the screen of the PALC 10 and suppress the power compling of the backlight 8. Mos, it lowers the power supplied to the backlight 8. Mos, it lowers the power supplied to the backlight 8 in accordance with the lowering of the video signal level based on the detection result of the amplitude detecting means 14 and lowers the furnishance, hereby to suppress the orduction of the intensity which can be displayed by the PALC 10.

The PALC 10 is a liquid crystal display of a system driving the pixels by utilizing the discharged plasma, Examples of a plasma address liquid crystal apparatus which a liquid crystal display having a large screen can be produced at low cost with a high manufacturing yield and which realizes a high resolution and high contrast are disclosed in for example Japanese Unexamined Patent Publication No. Hel 1-217396 and Japanese Unexamined Patent Publication No. Hel 4-265931, in this PALC 10, plasma chambers 21 provided in a glass substrate 20 and a liquid crystal layer 26 which is an electrooptic material are arranged so as to face each other via a sheet 25 of a thin dielectric body made of glass or the like as shown in Fig. 4. The plasma chambers 21 are constituted by forming a plurality of grooves in parallel to each other on a top face of the glass substrate 20. For example, 450 grooves are formed, in the respective grooves, a gas which can be ionized such as helium. neon, argon, or a mixed gas of them is sealed. Also, in each of the grooves, a pair of an anode electrode 22 and a cathode electrode 23 are provided in parallel to each other for producing the discharging plasma by lonizing the gas of the plasma chambers 21. On the other hand, the liquid crystal layer 26 is arranged on the top face of the class substrate 20 and sandwiched by the sheet 25 of the dielectric body and a color filler 27 in which polarization filters for three colors, i.e., red, groen, and blue are provided. In the color filter 27 on parallel lines which are orthogonal to the plasma chambers 21, constituted by the grooves, for example, 765 transper ent electrodes 28 are provided for every 1 horizontal line. Intersecting portions of those transpersent electrodes 28 and plasma chambers 21 act as 450 x 768 pixels. Also, the backlight 8 is provided so as to face the transpersent electrodes 28 via the color filter 27 from the glass substrate 20 to give off light to the entire display sereen of the PALC 10.

In the PALC 10, while the liquid crystal driver 5 is driving the transparent electrodes 28 of the pixels of every horizontal line by a video signal level of each pixel of for example a full scale of 60 V, in synchronization with the drive operation of the liquid crystal driver 5, the plasma driver 7 performs driving so as to sequentially scan the plasma chambers 21 of the PALC 10 by switching the horizontal direction lines by setting the anode 20 electrode 22 to the ground potential and setting for example the cathode electrode to -300 V, sequentially causes plasma discharge of the plasma chambers 21, and sequentially holds the video signal level at the pixels arranged on the horizontal lines. Similarly, the video signal level is sequentially held at the pixels of every horizontal line, and the renewal of the video signal is carried out every 1 frame, thereby to display the image.

Note that, in the above-described embodiment, an oxpleanation was made of a case where the plasma address liquid crystal apparatus was used as the liquid crystal display, but the present invention is not restricted to such a liquid crystal display and can be applied also to a case of the liquid crystal display of an active matrix system providing active elements such as translators as the transparent electrodes of the pixols arranged, in the form of matrix and driving the active elements.

As explained in detail above, by the liquid crystal display apparatus according to the present invention, 40 amplitude of the video signel detected by the amplitude detecting means is small. It is possible to lower the luminance of the backlight by the luminance esting means so as to suppress a reduction in the intensity which can be displayed by the liquid crystal display. For 45 this reason, it becomes possible to hold an optimum display state and output an image of a high grade.

Also, when the amplitude of the video signal delected by the amplitude detecting means is small; it is possible to lower the luminance of the backlight and incroase the amplification rate of the amplifier by the intensity setting means so as to suppress the reduction of
the intensity which can be displayed by the liquid crystal
display. For this reason, it becomes possible to hold an
optimum display state and display an image of a high
sprade.

Further, when the predetermined time is counted by the time counting means, it is possible to reduce the luminance or stop the emission of the backlight by the luminance setting means, whereby the liquid crystal display displays an image by a black level etc. For this reson, a stable display of an image of a black level etc. is oposible without a necessity of supplying driving power to the liquid crystal display and supplying power to the backlight and while achieving a low power consumption.

Still further, when a transitory state of the video signal detecting means, all is distocted by the transitory signal detecting means, it is possible to lower the luminance or stop the emission of the backlight by the luminance satting means, whereby the flipuld crystal display displays an image by a black level etc. For this reason, a stable display of an appear of a black level etc. For this reason, a stable display of and applying driving power to the backlight and while achieving a topy roover consumption.

While the invention has been described by reference to specific embodiments chosen for purposes of illustration, it should be apparent that numerous modifications could be made thereto by those skilled in the art without departing from the scope of the invention as defined in the claims.

Claims

1. A liquid crystal display apparatus comprising:

an amplitude detecting means (14) for detecting an amplitude of a supplied video signal;

a liquid crystal display (10) for displaying an image on its main surface based on the video signal:

a backlight (8) for emitting a light from the back surface of the liquid crystal display to the main surface, characterised in that said backlight (8) has a variably settable luminance; and

a setting means (9) for variably sotting the luminance of the backlight (8) based on the amplitude detected by the amplitude detecting means (14).

 A liquid crystal display apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising:

an amplifier (12) for amplifying the video signal and having a selectably variable amplification rate;

wherein the setting means (9) is adapted to variably set the luminance of the backlight (8) and the amplification rate of the amplifier (12) based on the amplitude detected by the amplitude detecting means. A liquid crystal display apparatus according to claim 1 or 2, further comprising:

a time counting means (13) for counting a time of continuation of a non-signal level of the supplied video signal;

wherein the setting means (9) is adapted to variably set the luminance of the backlight (8) based on the continuation time counted by the 10 time counting means (13).

 A liquid crystal display apparatus according to claim 1, 2 or 3, further comprising:

a transitory signal detecting means (15) for detecting the transitory state of the supplied video signal:

wherein the setting means (9) is adapted to variably set the luminance of the backlight (8) when the transitory state is detected by the transitory signal detecting means (15).

5. A liquid crystal display apparatus comprising:

a time counting means (13) for counting a time of continuation of a non-signal level of the supplied video signal;

a liquid crystal display (10) for displaying an image on its main surface based on the video signal;

a backlight (8) for emitting a light from the back surface of the liquid crystal display (10) to the main surface, said backlight having a variably settable luminance; and

a luminance setting means (9) for variably setting the luminance of the backlight (6) based on the continuation time counted by the time counting means (13).

A liquid crystal display apparatus comprising:

a transitory signal detecting means (15) for detecting the transitory state of the supplied video signal;

a liquid crystal display (10) for displaying an image on its main surface based on the video signal:

a backlight (8) for emitting a light from the back surface of the liquid crystal display (10) to the main surface, said backlight (8) having a variably settable luminance; and

a luminance setting means (9) for variably setting the luminance of the backlight (8) when the transitory state is detected by the transitory signal detecting means (15).

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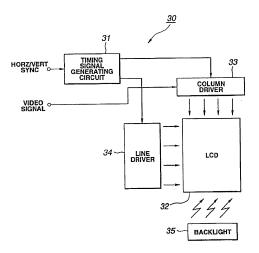
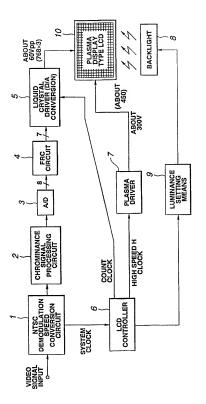
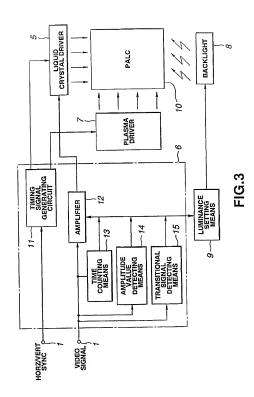


FIG.1 (PRIOR ART)



0 0 11



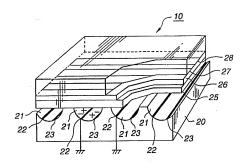


FIG.4



(12)

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(54) Liquid crystal display device

(57) A liquid crystal display apparatus comprising an amplitude detecting unit for detecting an amplitude of a supplied video eignai; a liquid crystal display for ing an image on a main surface based on the video eignai; a backlight for giving off light with a luminance which can be freely set from the back surface of the liquid crystal display to the main surface; and a luminance setting unit for variably setting the luminance of the backlight based on the amplitude detected by the amplitude detecting unit.

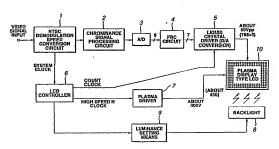


FIG.2

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European Patent

EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number EP 96 30 1040

	DOCUMENTS CONSID	ERED TO BE RELEVANT		
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	* the whole documen	t *		SEARCHED (Int.CL6)
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	The present search report has	been drawn up for all claims		Examples
	THE HAGUE	16 July 1998	De.	Paepe. W
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